

Notification of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services

No. 12, B.E. 2561 (2018)

Regarding Declaration of Price, Quantity, Place of Storage and Arrangement of Account for
Controlling Tapioca Chip

Whereas the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services has repealed the Notification of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services No. 1, B.E. 2560 (2017) regarding Determination of Goods and Services under Control dated 19 January B.E. 2560 (2017), resulting in the end of enforcement of the Notification of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services No. 48, B.E. 2560 (2017) regarding Declaration of Price, Quantity, Place of Storage and Arrangement of Account for Controlling Tapioca Chip dated 28 August B.E. 2560 (2017). In the meantime, the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services has already reconsidered the exercise of its power regarding the stipulation of the aforesaid measure, it is of the view that the measure requiring a business operator to declare information on the price, the quantity, the place of storage and the arrangement of account for controlling tapioca chip should be maintained in order that the status of the quantity and price of tapioca chip is at an appropriate level, and there is fairness to all parties involved, particularly agriculturists.

By virtue of Section 9 (2), Section 25 (3), (4), (5) and paragraph one of Section 26 of the Price of Goods and Services Act, B.E. 2542 (1999), the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services has therefore issued this Notification, as follows.

Article 1. This Notification shall come into force in all areas of the Kingdom for the period of one year as from the day following the date of its publication.¹

Article 2. A business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or a person who takes the possession of tapioca chip, whether taking such possession as an owner or as an agent, whereby the quantity of purchase or distribution or that of possession exceeds fifteen metric tons upward in each month, is required to declare the name, the type, the purchase price, the price of distribution, the quantity of possession, the quantity of purchase, the receiving quantity, the quantity of distribution, the remaining quantity, the place of storage at the end of every month within the 10th date of the following month. The declaration of information starts from the information of January B.E. 2561 (2018) onwards.

¹ Published in the Government Gazette, Volume 135, Special Part 56 d, Page 77, dated 12th March B.E. 2561 (2018).

DISCLAIMER: THIS TEXT HAS BEEN PROVIDED FOR EDUCATIONAL/COMPREHENSION PURPOSES AND CONTAINS NO LEGAL AUTHORITY, THE DEPARTMENT OF INTERNAL TRADE SHALL ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY LIABILITIES ARISING FROM THE USE AND/OR REFERENCE OF THIS TEXT. THE ORIGINAL THAI TEXT AS FORMERLY ADOPTED AND PUBLISHED SHALL IN ALL EVENTS REMAIN THE SOLE AUTHORITY HAVING LEGAL FORCE.

In a case of the purchase, the distribution or the possession after the date of this Notification coming into force, a person shall declare the name, the type, the purchase price, the price of distribution, the quantity of possession, the quantity of purchase, the receiving quantity, the quantity of distribution, the remaining quantity, the place of storage within ten days as from the date of purchase, the date of distribution or the date of the possession exceeding the quantity as specified in paragraph one.

The business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip who has already declared the information under paragraph one or paragraph two shall have to continue to declare the aforesaid information whether there is the purchase, the distribution or the possession exceeding the quantity as specified or not.

Article 3. The business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip under Article 2 is required to make the account for goods control. In the account, there must be the name, the purchase price, the price of distribution, the quantity of possession, the quantity of purchase, the receiving quantity, the quantity of distribution, the remaining quantity, the place of storage, on a daily basis. The business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip must completely record such data into such account within three days after the date of each purchase, acquirement or distribution. In addition, the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip shall have to keep the account with the evidence of acquirement and distribution at the place for goods storage in order that a competent official is able to examine the account and evidence at all times.

Article 4. In a case where there is a change of the location of the place of storage as declared under Article 2, such change must be declared within seven days after the date of the change.

Article 5. The declaration under Article 2 shall be made to a competent official in the form prescribed by the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services at the following governmental offices:

- (1) In a case where the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip has a domicile in the area of Bangkok Metropolis or Nonthaburi Province, the declaration shall be made at the Office of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services within the Department of Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce;

- (2) In a case where the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip has a domicile in other province than those as specified in (1), the declaration shall be made at the Provincial Commercial Office in the province concerned.

The declaration under paragraph one shall be made by registered and replied mail, facsimile or electronic mail, whereby the date when there is a daily seal affixed at the origin post office shall be deemed as the date of declaration. In a case of the declaration by facsimile, the date when the facsimile is received by a competent official shall be deemed as the date of intention of declaration. In a case of the declaration by electronic mail, the date when the electronic mail is received by a competent official shall be deemed as the date of declaration.

The declaration by facsimile or electronic mail under paragraph two shall be valid when the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip has already submitted the original document to the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services.

Article 6. When the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip has requested the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services to extend the specified period of time in this Notification; or when the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services has deemed as appropriate; the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services may give an order to make an extension of the specified period of time prior to the expiry date of such period. Nevertheless, such extension shall be made only when there is a special circumstance or an unavoidable event; and the business operator who purchases or distributes tapioca chip or the possessor of tapioca chip has requested; or the Secretary-General of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services has given an order prior to the expiry date of such period, except for the case of force majeure.

Given on the 23rd Day of January B.E. 2561 (2018)

Sontirat Sontijirawong

Minister of Commerce

Chairperson of the Central Committee on the Price of Goods and Services